# Where To Save For Different Goals

#### **Short-Term Goals**

# Up to 5 years

Investment Style: Conservative (Loss of principal not an option.)

## **Emergency Fund**

- Savings accounts
- Penalty-free Certificates of Deposit (CDs)
- High-yield savings accounts

#### **Cash Needs**

#### **Easy Access**

- High-yield savings accounts
- Purchased Money Markets

#### **Limited Time Access**

- Certificates of Deposit (CDs)
- Treasury Bills
- Government Bonds



#### **Keep In Mind**

Use these to keep values stable instead of subject to market swings while earning some interest.

#### **Medium-Term Goals**

# 5 to 10 years

Investment Style: Moderate (Accept some risk for higher return.)

# Where to save:

- Taxable brokerage accounts
- Employee Stock Purchase Plans
- Equity Compensation Plans



### **Keep In Mind**

These typically earn a higher rate of return compared to savings accounts with flexible access to funds.

# **Long-Term Goals**

# 10+ years

Investment Style: Aggressive (Risk is probably worth taking.)

# Where to save:

- Roth IRAs
- Traditional IRAs
- Health Savings Accounts (HSAs)
- 401(k)s Roth & Pre-Tax
- Education Savings Accounts

efficiencies like tax-free compound interest.

- Taxable Brokerage Accounts
- Real Estate
- Real Assets
- Alternative Investments
- Speculative investments



#### **Keep In Mind**

Time helps you build long-term compound interest in a tax-efficient account.

Roth IRAs and Health Savings Accounts (HSAs) can be used for multiple-term goals.

However, consider using these accounts for long-term goals to take advantage of tax